Item No.	Application No. and Parish	13 Week Date	Proposal, Location and Applicant
(1)	14/03036/COMIND Aldermaston	17 February 2015	Part retrospective for continued use of land for race meetings and permanent retention of laid out track, buildings and structures.
			Blacks Lake, Paices Hill, Aldermaston, Reading, RG7 4PG
			Mr Malcolm Roberts, Short Track Associated Racing

The application can be viewed on the Council's website at the following link: http://planning.westberks.gov.uk/rpp/index.asp?caseref=14/03036/COMIND

Recommendation Summary: To **DELEGATE** to the Head of Planning and

Countryside to **GRANT PLANNING PERMISSION**

Ward Member(s): Councillor Dominic Boeck

Reason for Committee

Determination: Call-in from Councillor Irene Neill

Committee Site Visit: 3 June 2015

Contact Officer Details

Name: Bob Dray

Job Title: Senior Planning Officer

Tel No: (01635) 519111

Email: BDray@westberks.gov.uk

1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 This application seeks full planning permission for the use of the application site as a motor racing circuit and associated operational development including an oval racing track, sound barrier, surrounding hard-standing, the siting of a seating stand, and a number of cabins functioning as race control, toilet blocks and snack vans.
- 1.2 The application site is located on the western side of Paices Hill, approximately 1.3km south of Aldermaston Village. For planning purposes, the West Berkshire Core Strategy classified the area as open countryside within the East Kennet Valley. AWE Aldermaston is located on the opposite side of Paices Hill to the east; Youngs Industrial Estate abuts the site to the north; Paices Wood Country Park abuts the site to the west; and to the south of the site lies an area of open land which is enclosed by trees/hedging with further development beyond. There is sporadic housing along Paices Hill, and a gypsy and travellers site some 200 metres to the south of the site. There is currently an unauthorised residential use adjacent to the application site and fishing pond.
- 1.3 Historically, some form of motor racing has been taking place on the site for several decades. However, this use ceased in 2004 and was abandoned until 2009 when the applicant constructed a new circuit and began using the site for banger racing. The application is retrospective because the former use was abandoned, and new operational development was undertaken, including the construction of a new track.
- 1.4 The use and operational development has been subject to formal enforcement action, including enforcement notices and related appeals, together with enforcement action relating to residential use adjacent to this application site. The residential use does not form part of this application. The planning history is described in Section 2 of this report.
- 1.5 Section 73A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 provides that a planning application may be made retrospectively. In accordance with Subsection (3), planning permission for such development may be granted so as to have effect from the date on which the development was carried out. The fact that a development has been carried out is not in itself a material consideration.

2. PLANNING HISTORY

- 2.1 The application site has a history of planning applications and, of particular relevance, recent appeals connected to the proposed use. The table below lists the relevant planning applications.
- 2.2 Of those listed below, the most relevant application is 141881. This application granted planning permission in 1993 for a fishing lake and use of the land for banger race meetings on 20 occasions per year, with permanent siting of laid out tracks and mobile buildings. However, Condition 2 of that permission restricted the number of race days to 14 per year, rather than the 20 applied for.

Application No.	Description	Decision
107085	Agricultural dwelling for smallholding.	Refused 09/11/1977
107136	Infill to return land to agricultural use.	Granted 23/01/1978
131488	Light industrial units with office content class B1.	Refused 25/05/1988
137847	Use of land for banger racing for sport and leisure and fishing.	Refused 12/09/1990
141881	Fishing lake plus use of land for Banger Race meetings on 20 occasions per year with permanent siting of laid out tracks and mobile buildings.	Approved 06/01/1993 (Condition 2 restricted the number of race days to 14 per year). Appeal against Condition 2 (T/APP/G0310/A/93/222073/P2) Dismissed 01/09/1993
142193	Formation of fisherman's car park and concrete access road.	Refused 03/01/1995
04/01114/OUTMAJ	100% affordable, key worker, local affordable housing development. (101 houses and 136 flats/maisonette).	Refused 23/06/2004
05/01397/OUTMAJ	Removal of Banger Racing Track and the erection of 237 dwellings.	Refused 11/08/2005
11/00750/FULD	Removal of existing buildings used for residential accommodation and introduction of one permanent single storey dwelling.	Refused 28/07/2011. Appeal (APP/W0340/A/11/2158258) Dismissed 09/12/2011

- 2.3 The application site was brought to the attention of the Council in August 2010 and was investigated by the Enforcement Team, and enforcement proceedings then continued. This related to new development that had taken place to reconstruct a racing circuit and its subsequent use.
- 2.4 Four planning appeals were heard by the Planning Inspectorate at a single public inquiry in April 2014. These related to three enforcement notices and a refused Certificate of Lawfulness. The details of the four appeals is summarised below.
- 2.5 Appeal A (APP/W0340/C/13/2203819) was against an enforcement notice alleging the following breach of planning control: "Without planning permission, the material change of use of the Land from agriculture to the mixed uses of:
 - a. residential, including the siting of four mobile homes, marked 'M1', 'M2', 'M3' and 'M4' on Plan 2, used for residential purposes and one sectional building marked 'D' on Plan 2, used for residential purposes; and
 - b. use of the workshop building marked 'W' on Plan 2; and

- c. siting and use of the metal storage containers marked 'S1' and 'S2' on Plan 2; and
- d. siting and use of the portacabin building marked 'O' on Plan 2."
- 2.6 Appeal B (APP/W0340/C/13/2205528) was against an enforcement notice alleging the following breach of planning control: "Without planning permission, the material change of use of the Land from agriculture to the use of:
 - i. banger racing with associated banger racing track, together with the siting of hard standing and competitor/public car parking areas, sound barrier structure, fencing/barriers/means of enclosures, ancillary temporary structures/portacabins, lighting, toilet blocks, and grandstand/seating all associated with the banger racing track; and
 - ii. storage of ancillary track apparatus; and
 - iii. storage and parking of vehicles."
- 2.7 Appeal C (APP/W0340/C/13/2205532) was against an enforcement notice alleging the following breach of planning control: "Without planning permission, the carrying out of development by way of building operations upon the Land including:
 - the creation of a banger racing track and the construction of associated sound barrier structure and fencing/barriers/means of enclosures, and the importation of materials for the creation of associated hard standing and competitor/public car parking areas; and
 - ii. the erection of a means of enclosure marked A-C on the attached plan."
- 2.8 Appeal D (APP/W0340/X/13/2202926) was against the refusal of Application 13/00983/CERTE, which sought a Certificate of lawfulness (Existing) for the erection of building (D) and its occupation as dwelling.
- 2.9 In summary, four enforcement notices related to the unauthorised use and operational development comprising the racing circuit and associated development, and an unauthorised adjacent residential use. In effect, the appeal decisions relevant to this application upheld the enforcement notices. The current application has been submitted in order to regularise the unauthorised use and operational development associated with the racing circuit.

3. PUBLICITY

- 3.1 The Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 (DMPO) requires in the case of an application for planning permission for major development, the application shall be publicised by giving requisite notice:
 - a) by site display in at least one place on or near the land to which the application relates for not less than 21 days; or by serving the notice on any adjoining owner of occupier; and
 - b) by publication of the notice in a newspaper circulating in the locality.
- 3.2 A site notice was displayed adjacent to the access on Paices Hill on 12/12/2014 to expire on 02/01/2015. Neighbour notification letters have been sent to 43 nearby addresses. The application was also listed in a public notice in the Newbury Weekly News on 04/12/2014. The authority has therefore discharged and exceeded the statutory requirement to publicise applications in accordance with the

DMPO. The publicity has also been undertaken in accordance with the West Berkshire Council Statement of Community Involvement.

4. CONSULTATION

4.1 Consultations

Aldermaston Parish Council:

Aldermaston Parish Council Objects to this application for the following reasons:

- 1. We understand that the previous permission which was abandoned (Planning Inspectors findings earlier this year) limited the number of events to 14 per annum, and this was the basis on which Mr Roberts was operating until recently. The supporting information states that permission is sought for the current number of events but without quantifying what that is, but we understand it is in excess of the 14 events for which planning permission previously existed For it to be considered retrospective the number of days of racing should have been limited to 14 days per annum.
- We question whether there has been "testing" occurring on a regular basis for 6 hours per day, to the extent that this enables a retrospective application to be relevant for consideration. In any case we would object to the testing of motor racing vehicles on any weekday (excluding bank holidays) for 6 hours a day.
- 3. Despite a brief conversation between Mr Roberts and Aldermaston Parish Council in 2013 regarding motorcycling racing, we do not believe that there has ever been motorcycle racing at the venue since Mr Roberts started operating the site, and believe that any historical use was abandoned prior to 2004.
- 4. The noise from this site during events is intrusive for many people across the parish and travels as far as Aldermaston Village, Baughurst and Tadley. A letter of support confirms that for safety reasons the PA system has to be heard above the level of noise of the competing vehicles, further adding to the negative impact from the noise.
- 5. The Noise Impact Assessment is flawed in that it tries to suggest that the noise levels should be considered per hour rather than noise at peaks of transmission during races. The impact on the residents in the surrounding areas is impacted by the peaks during the races rather than the average over a period of time.

6. The regulations for competitors at the venue states that every car must have "an efficient exhaust system" and "A decibel reading of 95 decibels measured at trackside will be enforced". The applicant supplied no information on whether any cars were ever tested or as to why a figure of 95 decibels was selected. The applicant does not include a filter (such as A, B or C) used to the 95 figure indicating a lack of understanding. There is no information on how the measurement is made other than "at trackside". Other motorsport regulated by the Motors Sports Association has very strict rules on both how the measurements are made and the limits which are For example "road rally cars" are limited to 86db(A) measured at 2m with the engine at 2/3 maximum engine speed.

Planning Policy: NPPF requires sequential test.

Highways: Conditional permission.

Environmental Health: Conditional permission.

Emergency Planning: To be reported on Update Report.

Environment Agency: No objection.

Ecologist: Conditional permission.

Thames Valley Police: No response.

Thames Water: No objections.

Archaeologist: No objections.

Lead Local Flood

Authority:

No response.

Access Officer: No response.

Countryside: No response.

BBOWT: No response.

Natural England: No objections.

MOD: No response.

Southern Electric: No response.

West Berkshire Spokes: No response.

4.3 Representations

Total: 37 Object: 6 Support: 31

Summary of support

- Long established facility
- Excellent community/leisure facility
- Benefits for child development
- Contributions to charity from club
- Race track is a preferential use to other potential uses
- Site attracts large numbers of people from a wide area
- Safe environment for the sport
- Improvements to track have been undertaken to improve safety and reduce impacts
- Other tracks have closed due to land issues
- No access or traffic problems experienced
- Operators strictly enforce noise controls
- Enjoy competing/spectating at events
- Not aware of any noise concerns by local residents
- Well located between industrial sites
- Makes good use of scrap cars
- Contribution to the local economy
- Not aware of plans to provide this facility in another location

Summary of objection

- Inspector took into account the cumulative effect of disruption (including noise and traffic) on the community during the appeal against gravel extraction
- Cumulative impact with gravel extraction in Wasing on local road network
- Noise and disturbance generated by use
- Noise impacts travel at least 1 mile
- Traffic generated by use
- Noise and disturbance during Sundays intrusive
- Racing has taken place on Remembrance Day
- Lack of enforcement action
- Would prevent objector buying local property on Paices Hill
- Occupying land without consent
- Residential use on site without consent

5. PLANNING POLICY

- 5.1 Section 38(6) of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004 requires that the determination of any planning application must be made in accordance with the development plan unless material considerations indicate otherwise. The statutory Development Plan comprises:
 - The West Berkshire Core Strategy (2006-2026)
 - The West Berkshire District Local Plan 1991-2006 (Saved Policies 2007)
 - The Replacement Minerals Local Plan for Berkshire (2001)
 - The Waste Local Plan for Berkshire (1998)
- 5.2 The National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) was published in March 2012. The Framework sets out Government planning policies for England and how these are expected to be applied. It is a material consideration in planning decisions.

- 5.3 The Planning Practice Guidance (PPG) was published on 6 March 2014. The Planning Practice Guidance is a material consideration for all planning decisions. It provides guidance on procedural matters (including planning conditions and obligations), and on numerous material planning considerations.
- 5.4 The following other material considerations are relevant to this application:
 - Manual for Streets (DfT; March 2007)
 - Manual for Streets 2 (DfT; September 2010)
- 5.5 The West Berkshire Core Strategy was adopted on 16 July 2012 and carries full weight in decision-making as a development plan document adopted since the publication of the Framework. The following policies from the Core Strategy are relevant to this application:
 - NPPF Policy
 - ADPP1: Spatial Strategy
 - ADPP6: The East Kennet Valley
 - CS5: Infrastructure Requirements and Delivery
 - CS8: Nuclear Installations AWE Aldermaston and Burghfield
 - CS9: Location and Type of Business Development
 - CS10: Rural Economy
 - CS11: Hierarchy of Centres
 - CS13: Transport
 - CS14: Design Principles
 - CS16: Flooding
 - CS17: Biodiversity and Geodiversity
 - CS18: Green Infrastructure
 - CS19: Historic Environment and Landscape Character
- 5.6 The saved policies of the West Berkshire District Local Plan carry due weight according to their degree of conformity with the Framework. The following saved policies from the Local Plan are relevant to this application:
 - OVS.5: Environmental Nuisance and Pollution Control
 - OVS.6: Noise Pollution
 - OVS.7: Hazardous Substances
 - OVS.8: Hazardous Substances
 - TRANS.1: Meeting the Transport Needs of New Development
- 5.7 In addition, the following locally and regionally adopted policy documents are material considerations relevant to this application:
 - Planning Obligations SPD
 - Quality Design SPD

6. APPRAISAL

6.1 Principle of development

6.1.1 To the extent that development plan policies (detailed in Section 5 of this report) are material to an application for planning permission the decision must be taken in accordance with the Development Plan unless there are material considerations that indicate otherwise (in accordance with Section 70(2) of the Town and Country

- Planning Act 1990 and Section 38(6) of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004).
- 6.1.2 The National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) is a material consideration. It stresses the importance of having a planning system that is genuinely plan-led. However, the NPPF has a presumption in favour of sustainable development that provides for where the development plan is absent, silent or relevant policies are out-of-date, the Framework says planning permission should be granted unless:
 - any adverse impacts on doing so would significantly and demonstrably outweigh the benefits, when assessed against the policies in the Framework taken as a whole; or
 - specific policies in the Framework indicate development should be restricted, including sites protected under the Birds and Habitats Directive, Sites of Special Scientific Interest, Local Green Space, AONB, designated heritage assets, and locations at risk of flooding.
- 6.1.3 Firstly, therefore it is necessary to establish whether the Development Plan contains relevant up-to-date policies insofar as it relates to this application, and therefore whether the primacy of the Development Plan can be relied upon to decide this application.
- 6.1.4 It is considered that a racing circuit can broadly be regarded as a form of leisure and entertainment development. The definition of a 'Main Town Centre Use' in the NPPF includes "...leisure, entertainment facilities and the more intensive sport and recreation uses (including cinemas, restaurants, drive-through restaurants, bars and pubs, night-clubs, casinos, health and fitness centres, indoor bowling centres, and bingo halls)..." The NPPF seeks to direct Main Town Centre Uses to defined town centres, otherwise it requires the application of a sequential test of accessible sites. Core Strategy Policy CS11 incorporates this policy into the Development Plan by stating that these uses will be directed to the town and district centres of Newbury, Thatcham, Hungerford, Pangbourne, Lambourn and Theale.
- 6.1.5 Whilst the proposed development is capable of falling within the definition of a 'Main Town Centre Use', it is considered that the impacts associated with this particular use make it inappropriate to apply the sequential test. An open air racing circuit clearly has the potential to impact surrounding amenity (e.g. noise, air quality); it is not considered appropriate to seek to direct such a use to a densely populated town centre.
- 6.1.6 Given that the application of a sequential test has the potential to cause greater harm than considering an individual site on its merits, the policies of the Development Plan that most closely relate to leisure development are not considered sufficiently relevant to the proposed use. It is therefore considered that the NPPF presumption in favour of sustainable development should be used, but having regard to the Core Strategy Spatial Strategy that provides an overarching framework for development in West Berkshire, and to the other relevant policies of the Core Strategy that relate to the various planning aspects.
- 6.1.7 The key factors that determine the suitability of the site for the proposed use are considered to be the planning history of the site, whether the site constitutes a sustainable accessible location in the context of the development proposed, and the

potential for harm to local amenity. The social and economic benefits of the proposal are also relevant considerations.

6.3 Social and economic benefits

- 6.3.1 The NPPF encourages economic growth in rural areas. It supports sustainable rural tourism and leisure developments that benefit business in rural areas, communities and visitors, and which respects the character of the countryside. It promotes the retention and development of, amongst other facilities, sports venues. Core Strategy Policy CS10 states proposals to diversify the rural economy will be encouraged, particularly where they are located in or adjacent to Rural Services Centres and Service Villages. Existing small and medium sized enterprises within the rural areas will be supported.
- 6.3.2 As an existing enterprise, these policies of the NPPF give weight to the social and economic benefits of the use. The site is located a short distance from Aldermaston, a defined Service Village within the Core Strategy, and therefore attracts support from Policy CS10. The representations received on this application indicate that the application site is a valued racing circuit. As such, it is considered that significant weight should be given to the social and economic benefits of the proposal.

6.2 Planning history

6.2.3 The fact that planning permission was granted for a similar racing circuit in 1993 is an important material consideration. Given that this decision relates to the same site and in similar conditions, this previous decision represents a genuine precedent that indicates that planning permission should be granted unless there have been significant changes in planning policy or physical changes to the site or surrounding area since the previous decision.

6.4 Accessibility

- 6.4.1 One of the core planning principles of the NPPF is that planning should actively manage patterns of growth to make the fullest possible use of public transport, walking and cycling, and focus significant development in locations which are or can be made sustainable.
- 6.4.2 Core Strategy Policy ADDP1 states that most development will be within or adjacent to the settlements included in the District Settlement Hierarchy. West Berkshire's main urban areas will be the focus for most development, and the majority of development will take place on previously developed land. Aldermaston (approximately 1.3km north) is identified as a Service Village within the Hierarchy.
- 6.4.3 The representations received on this application indicate that the location should be considered in a more-than-local context. It is clear that competitors and spectators to previous events have travelled significant distances, especially across the south of England. At a regional level it is considered that the site is relatively well-related to the M4 and M3 motorways, although access via rail is limited.
- 6.4.4 At a district level, the application site is located in open countryside with relatively poor public transport. There are railway stations serving nearby settlements (e.g.

Aldermaston Station at Aldermaston Wharf), but given the wide area which competitors and spectators appear to travel, it is considered unlikely that many would walk or cycle. It is understood that travel to the site has effectively been exclusively by private vehicle. It is considered that use of public transport would be limited regardless of the opportunities available, particular as many visitors to the site would be bring vehicles with which to compete. As such, whilst the site is not considered to be within an accessible location within West Berkshire, this cannot weigh significantly against the proposal.

6.5 Local amenity

- 6.5.1 Securing a good standard of amenity for all existing and future occupants of land and buildings is one of the core planning principles of the Framework. Core Strategy Policy CS14 states that new development must make a positive contribution to the quality of life in West Berkshire.
- 6.5.2 Noise from track racing is likely to cause disturbance to neighbours. A number of representations on this application comment on noise disturbance caused to them, although Environmental Health has advised that they have not received any formal complaints about noise from the site over the past few years.
- 6.5.3 This is a retrospective application. In 2014 there were 23 race meetings. Permitted development rights for temporary uses would allow 14 events per calendar year, but not the physical track and ancillary development. A previous planning permission in 1993 (defended at appeal) also allowed for no more than 14 events per year to protect residential amenity, although any former lawful use has been abandoned.
- 6.5.4 The applicant is seeking a minimum of 23 events per year, but preferably 26 events per year. Practice sessions throughout the week are also sought, where competitors would be able to visit the circuit to practice for a few hours.
- 6.5.5 A noise assessment accompanying the application concludes that there will be no impact on noise sensitive receptors of continuing operations as at present. However, measurements are given for the average (LAeq, 1 hour) noise levels and no maximum levels are given (associated with revving etc). It is noted that events take place throughout the day with each race lasting about 7 to 8 minutes. It is likely that noise from events (including the public address system) will be propagated over large distances.
- 6.5.6 Noise levels will vary depending on individual vehicles, how well they are maintained and if any modifications have been made. Wind direction will also have an impact. The nearest residents are approximately 250m away from the site. In recent years the Paices Wood Country Park has also be completed to the west, the amenity of which would be similarly affected.
- 6.5.7 Race days are normally on Sundays and bank holidays when back ground noise levels would normally be lower than during the rest of the week. It is not unreasonable for residents to expect not to be regularly disturbed by noise from track racing on Sundays and bank holidays.

- 6.5.8 Practice sessions during the week, where only one vehicle would be permitted to use the circuit at a time, would not cause a significant disturbance provided it does not continue into the evenings.
- 6.5.9 The loudspeaker system, and any amplified music, also has the potential to have an adverse impact on neighbouring amenity. The applicant advises that the loudspeakers are directed down on the surrounding spectators so that they can be heard without excessive volume. Such matters can be controlled pursuant to an Operational Management Plan.
- 6.5.10 Taking these matters into account, Environmental Health are satisfied that the proposed use could be operated at the site for up to 14 events per year, and for individual practice days on weekdays, subject to a the approval of an Operational Management Plan, and other restrictions by condition. This is consistent with the previous decision in 1993.
- 6.5.11 Overall, it is considered that the application site is a relatively appropriate location for such development. It is not densely populated compared to other areas within the District, is not subject to any statutory designation (e.g. tranquillity is one of the special qualities of the North Wessex Downs Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty), and is located within the context of neighbouring industrial development.
- 6.5.12 Nonetheless, there are residential properties in the vicinity, which would be impacted by noise from activities on the circuit. This requires a balanced decision taking into account the benefits of the use, the appropriateness of the site, and the potential for local disturbance. It is considered that the mitigation measures detailed above are sufficient to safeguard neighbouring amenity, having regard to the previous planning decisions on the site, and the technical evidence accompanying the application.

6.6 AWE Aldermaston and public safety

- 6.6.1 There are two licensed nuclear installations located in West Berkshire, the Atomic Weapons Establishment (AWE) in Aldermaston and in Burghfield. In the interests of public safety Core Strategy Policy CS8 provides a framework for determining planning applications in close proximity to either site.
- 6.6.2 The application site lies within the Inner Land Use Planning Consultation Zone of Policy CS8, and within the Detailed Emergency Planning Zone (DEPZ) surrounding AWE Aldermaston.
- 6.6.3 Pending final comments from the Council's Civil Contingencies Manager, this matter will be reported on the Update Report. The recommendation is made subject to no objections being received.

6.7 Transport and highway impacts

6.7.1 In accordance with Core Strategy Policy CS13, development that generates a traffic impact will be required to reduce the need to travel, improve and promote opportunities for healthy and safe travel, improve travel choice and facilitate sustainable travel, and mitigate the impact on the local transport network and the

- strategic road network. The main transport and highway issues relating to this application are parking, site access, and traffic generation.
- 6.7.2 With respect to traffic, the Local Highway Authority's Traffic Management Team is not aware of any congestion or other highway matters of concern within the vicinity of the site due to previous race days that have taken place. According to the application, race days are attended on average by some 200 visitors. Whilst this is a significant number, the local road network is considered capable of accommodating such traffic without adverse impacts to highway safety.
- 6.7.3 Representations have been received suggesting a possible cumulative traffic impact with nearby minerals extraction. Minerals & Waste Officers understand this to be a reference to an appeal against application 00/00644/FUL, which granted planning permission for sand and gravel extraction, importation of inert materials and subsequent restoration at Woolhampton Quarry to the north-west of Aldermaston Village. That appeal inspector considered the possible cumulative effects. Highways and Minerals & Waste Officers are satisfied that there would be no significant cumulative effects of the two developments, particularly if race days are to take place on weekends or bank holidays.
- 6.7.4 It is considered that sufficient parking space can be made available within the application site to accommodate the number of visitors attending a race day. However, the parking shown on the site plan provided with the application is imprecise and of insufficient detail, therefore a detailed parking plan will be required before activities take place by way of condition.
- 6.7.5 The level of detail on the proposed site access is insufficient; although it is considered that the access is capable of accommodating the traffic safety without significant readjustment. As such, the approval of a detailed access plan can be agreed pursuant to a condition.
- 6.7.6 For the above reasons it is considered that, subject to conditions, the proposed development would not have significantly adversely transport or highway impacts that would indicate planning permission should be refused.

6.8 Character and appearance

- 6.8.1 Core Strategy Policy CS14 states that all new development must demonstrates a high standard of design that respects and enhances the character and appearance of the surrounding area. Policy CS19 seeks to ensure that new development is appropriate in terms of location, scale and design in the context of existing settlement form, pattern and character.
- 6.8.2 The application site is located in open countryside, but adjacent to other industrial development that largely defines the vicinity. Most notably is AWE Aldermaston that covers a wide area along the eastern side of Paices Hill. This site is mostly industrial in character, particularly those buildings adjacent to Paices Hill, and the perimeter security fencing is also a prominent feature. Youngs Industrial Estate and further development of an industrial character to the south, are also significant contributors to the character of this part of Paices Hill. Paices Hill Country Park has a markedly different natural and rural character, although Young Industrial Estate does have a limited influence.

- 6.8.3 The external appearance of the proposed development is considered to be in keeping with industrial-influenced character of the surrounding area. The visual impact of the race track on Paices Hill is partially mitigated by existing vegetation along the boundary, although glimpsed views are possible in passing. The dense collection of boundary trees adjoining the western boundary of the site prevents the track being visible from the adjacent country park, although there are glimpsed views across the southern boundary of the site from the access track to the country park.
- 6.8.4 Overall, it is considered that within the context of the existing industrial development, the proposed development respects the character and appearance of the area, and therefore the development is appropriate in terms of its location, scale and design.

6.9 Environmental protection

- 6.9.1 The Environment Agency and Council's Ecologist has identified that the proposed development involves surface water drainage from that track to a small pond, which drains into the fishing lakes in the nearby country park. Environmental Health has also identified the risk of contamination from waste oils spilt from vehicles being maintained on the site.
- 6.9.2 Given that such racing activities have the potential to spill oils and fuels, it is strongly recommended that some form of attenuation scheme is included in the drainage system. This could be a conventional oil interceptor added in line, or alternatively some form of sustainable drainage system that caters for oil interception or attenuation.
- 6.9.3 Appropriate measures should be incorporated into a drainage scheme to be submitted and approved pursuant to a condition. Mitigation measures against maintenance spillages should be secured under an approved Operations Management Plan to be submitted and approved before any events take place on the site.
- 6.9.4 In accordance with Core Strategy Policy CS17, the Council's Ecologist considers it necessary to require the submission and approval of a simple ecological management plan for the pond and adjacent trees (located within the blue line of the location plan). This is considered reasonable for their protection and enhancement and can be secured by condition.

6.10 Flood risk

6.10.1 The Framework states that inappropriate development in areas at risk of flooding should be avoided by directing development away from areas at highest risk. Core Strategy Policy CS16 strictly applies a sequential approach across the district. The application site is located in the Environment Agency's Flood Zone 1, which has the lowest probability of fluvial flood risk. The site is not located in or close to a Critical Drainage Area. As such, the site is considered appropriate for the proposed development in flood risk terms.

6.11 Sustainable drainage

- 6.11.1 Core Strategy Policy CS16 states that on all development sites, surface water will be managed in a sustainable manner through the implementation of Sustainable Drainage Methods (SuDS). The Planning Practice Guidance is more specific; it advises that whether a sustainable drainage system should be considered will depend on the proposed development and its location, for example whether there are concerns about flooding. Sustainable drainage systems may not be practicable for some forms of development. When considering major development, as defined in the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015, sustainable drainage systems should be provided unless demonstrated to be inappropriate.
- 6.11.2 Generally, the aim should be to discharge surface run off as high up the following hierarchy of drainage options as reasonably practicable:
 - (a) into the ground (infiltration);
 - (b) to a surface water body;
 - (c) to a surface water sewer, highway drain, or another drainage system;
 - (d) to a combined sewer.
- 6.11.3 The proposed development constitutes major development because the size of the site exceeds 1 hectare. The development includes significant areas of hardstanding for the track and parking, and there are no known practical reasons why sustainable drainage measures should not be incorporated. Such measures can be secured by condition.

6.12 Community Infrastructure Levy

6.12.1 The Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL) is only chargeable on residential and retail development. Any sales on the site, such as the snack van, are considered ancillary to the main use and do not constitute retail development in their own right. CIL is therefore not chargeable on this development.

7. CONCLUSION

- 7.1 In accordance with the NPPF presumption in favour of sustainable development, planning permission should be granted unless any adverse impacts on doing so would significantly and demonstrably outweigh the benefits, or specific policies indicate that development should be restricted.
- 7.2 Whilst the Core Strategy Spatial Strategy and NPPF seek sustainable locations for development, the nature of the proposed use requires careful consideration of its particular merits and impacts. A review of case law has been undertaken to establish precedents nationwide for such uses. Noise objections tend to be the key determining factor. The close proximity to other significant noise sources, such as motorways, has been used to justify locating such uses in certain locations. Former airfields also regularly appear to be chosen for such uses.
- 7.3 As detailed in this report, it is considered that the application site is a relatively appropriate location for the proposed development because of the limited number of homes in close proximity and the presence of other industrial uses. The fact that

there are a number of houses and an adjacent country park that would evidently be affected by the activities on site does indicate that there is a potential for harm to the local amenity. However, it is considered that this potential is limited relative to many areas within West Berkshire. The fact that planning permission has previously been granted for a similar use taking place 14 days per year is particularly significant and it follows that a balanced decision can be taken to grant planning permission subject to conditions that would ensure the impacts are minimised

- 7.4 Having regard to the relevant development plan policies and other material considerations as detailed above, it is considered that planning permission is justified for the proposed development. As such, the application is recommended for conditional approval as detailed in Section 8.
- 7.5 According to the NPPF, Local planning authorities should consider whether otherwise unacceptable development could be made acceptable through the use of conditions or planning obligations. Planning conditions should only be imposed where they are necessary, relevant to planning and to the development to be permitted, enforceable, precise and reasonable in all other respects.
- 7.6 Standard conditions relating to timescale for implementation and listing approved plans and documents are necessary. As detailed in the report, specific conditions are required in relation to an Operational Management Plan, operation restrictions, entrance and parking arrangements, and environmental considerations.

8. FULL RECOMMENDATION

Subject to no objections being raised by the Civil Contingencies Manager, to **DELEGATE** to the Head of Planning & Countryside to **GRANT PLANNING PERMISSION** subject to the following conditions.

1. Use

The site shall not be used for any purpose other than banger racing. The site shall not be used for motorcycle racing. The use hereby permitted shall not take place outside the red line shown on the submitted 1:2500 Location Plan.

Reason: Any other use may not be acceptable on the site, in the interests of promoting sustainable development, neighbouring amenity, and highway safety. This condition is imposed in accordance with the National Planning Policy Framework, Policies CS13 and CS14 of the West Berkshire Core Strategy (2006-2026), and Policies OVS.6 and TRANS.1 of the West Berkshire District Local Plan 1991-2006 (Saved Policies 2007).

2. Plans

The development hereby permitted shall be carried out in accordance with the following plans and other documents: [to be confirmed in the Update Report].

Reason: For the avoidance of doubt and in the interest of proper planning.

3. **Operational Management Plan**

No racing events or practice sessions shall take place until an Operational Management Plan has been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. This plan shall cover all operations taking place on site in connection with the approved use, including but not necessarily limited to:

- (a) Procedures for noise testing of vehicles;
- (b) The number of vehicles in operation simultaneously
- (c) The operation of public address systems or other acoustic amplification equipment;
- (d) The location and maintenance of noise barriers:
- (e) Communication with the public about events;
- (f) Procedures to prevent any contamination of the site (e.g. from waste oils).

The site shall not be used for the permitted use except in complete accordance with the approved Operational Management Plan.

Reason: To protect neighbouring amenity. A pre-condition is required because an Operational Management Plan has not been submitted with the application. This condition is imposed in accordance with the National Planning Policy Framework, Policy CS14 of the West Berkshire Core Strategy (2006-2026), and Policies OVS.5 and OVS.6 of the West Berkshire District Local Plan 1991-2006 (Saved Policies 2007).

4. Site entrance plan

No racing events or practice sessions shall take place until a drawing showing accurate, scaled, details of the site entrance has been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The drawing shall show the width of the entrance and be overlain with visibility splays in both directions along Paices Hill. No racing events or practice sessions shall take place until the site entrance has been provided in accordance with the approved drawing. Thereafter, the visibility splays shall be kept free of all obstructions to visibility above a height of 0.6 metres above carriageway level.

Reason: To ensure that the site entrance is suitable and safe, in the interests of highway safety. A pre-condition is required because the entrance detailed on the submitted site plan provides insufficient accuracy. This condition is imposed in accordance with the National Planning Policy Framework, and Policy CS13 of the West Berkshire Core Strategy (2006-2026).

5. **Parking plan**

No racing events or practice sessions shall take place until a parking plan has been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. Parking spaces should measure 2.4 x 4.8 metres, and at least 6 metres must be provided for intervening aisles. The plan shall detail how the parking spaces will be marked out. No racing events or practice sessions shall take place until the parking spaces have been provided and marked out in accordance with the approved plan.

Reason: To ensure that the site is provided with sufficient parking arrangements, in the interests of highway safety. A pre-condition is required because the parking detailed on the submitted site plan provides insufficient accuracy. This condition is imposed in accordance with the National Planning Policy Framework, Policy CS13

of the West Berkshire Core Strategy (2006-2026), and Policy TRANS.1 of the West Berkshire District Local Plan 1991-2006 (Saved Policies 2007).

6. Sustainable drainage

No racing events or practice sessions shall take place until a scheme of surface water drainage has been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The scheme shall:

- (a) Incorporate sustainable drainage principles to deal with surface water runoff from the areas of hard-standing within the application site;
- (b) Incorporate an attenuation scheme to ensure that pollutants are not discharged into surface waters (this could be a conventional oil interceptor added in line, or alternatively some form of sustainable drainage system that caters for oil interception or attenuation);
- (c) Include a timetable for the implementation and provision of such measures.

The surface water drainage shall thereafter be provided in accordance with the approved details and timetable.

Reason: To ensure that surface water will be managed in a sustainable manner, and to ensure that pollutants are not discharged into surface waters. A precondition is required because insufficient details have been submitted with this application. This condition is imposed in accordance with the National Planning Policy Framework, Policy CS16 of the West Berkshire Core Strategy (2006-2026), Policy OVS.5 of the West Berkshire District Local Plan 1991-2006 (Saved Policies 2007), and Supplementary Planning Document Quality Design – Part 4 Sustainable Design Techniques (June 2006).

7. Ecological management plan

No racing events or practice sessions shall take place until an ecological management plan for the adjacent ponds and trees has been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. Thereafter the approved ecological management plan shall be implemented in full.

Reason: To ensure the protection and enhancement of the adjacent pond and trees. A pre-condition is required because insufficient details have been submitted with this application. This condition is imposed in accordance with the National Planning Policy Framework, and Policy CS17 of the West Berkshire Core Strategy (2006-2026).

8. Event restrictions

Racing events shall only take place on Saturdays, Sundays or Bank Holidays, no racing events shall take place on weekdays (except Bank Holidays). No more than 14 one-day events shall take place in any given year, with at least three weeks between each event. No racing shall take place outside the hours of 10am to 6pm. No competitors, spectators or other visitors to the event shall be on site before 8am or after 8pm.

Reason: To protect neighbouring amenity. This condition is imposed in accordance with the National Planning Policy Framework, Policy CS14 of the West Berkshire Core Strategy (2006-2026), and Policy OVS.6 of the West Berkshire District Local Plan 1991-2006 (Saved Policies 2007).

9. Practice session restrictions

Practice sessions shall only take place on Mondays to Fridays, no practice sessions shall take place on Saturdays, Sundays or Bank Holidays. Practice sessions shall be for individual vehicles only. No practice session shall take place outside the hours of 8am to 5pm. No public address system, or other amplified acoustic equipment, shall be used during practice sessions.

Reason: To protect neighbouring amenity. This condition is imposed in accordance with the National Planning Policy Framework, Policy CS14 of the West Berkshire Core Strategy (2006-2026), and Policy OVS.6 of the West Berkshire District Local Plan 1991-2006 (Saved Policies 2007).

Informatives:

1. Proactive actions of the LPA

The Local Planning Authority (LPA) has worked with the applicant in a positive and proactive manner based on seeking solutions to problems arising in relation to dealing with a planning application. In particular, the LPA:

- a) Provided the applicant with a case officer as a single point of contact.
- b) Alerted the applicant to issues that were raised during the consideration of the application.
- c) Sought to make development acceptable through the use of planning conditions, which would otherwise be unacceptable.

2. Consent to enter land

You must obtain the prior consent of the owner and occupier of any land upon which it is necessary for you to enter in order construct, externally finish, decorate, or in any other way carry out any works in connection with this development, or to obtain any support from adjoining property. This permission granted by the Council in no way authorises you to take such action without first obtaining this consent.

3. **Discharging of pollutants**

It is an offence under the Environmental Permitting Regulations 2010 to cause or knowingly permit any discharge that will result in the input of pollutants to surface waters.